Federal Drug Free Schools and Communities Regulations [Edgar Part 86]

CHAPMAN UNIVERSITY 2022 ANNUAL POLICY NOTIFICATION/DISTRIBUTION

As a requirement of these regulations, Chapman University is to disseminate and ensure receipt of the below policy/information to all students, staff, and faculty on an annual basis. This process is formally conducted by sending the notification to students, faculty, and staff via University email accounts in conjunction with the University's annual security report in the Fall Semester. New employees receive this notification as part of their New Hire paperwork. Students who enroll after the date of the initial distribution will receive this notification via their University email account within the first few weeks of their starting term. Questions concerning this policy and/or alcohol and other drug programs, interventions and policies may be directed to Colleen Wood at cwood@chapman.edu and 714-532-6035.

The University maintains recordkeeping requirements to include keeping a copy of the annual policy notification/distribution and biennial review and other compliance documents for three years after the fiscal year in which the record was created pursuant to <u>34 C.F.R. § 86.103.</u>

Polices - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons

As an academic community, Chapman University is committed to providing an environment in which learning and scholarship can flourish. The possession or use of illegal drugs, or the abuse of those which may otherwise be legally possessed, seriously affects the University environment, as well as the individual potential of our students and employees. The University enforces state laws and related University policies, including those prohibiting the following activities on campus:

- A. Providing alcoholic beverages to individuals under 21 or possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages by individuals under 21.
- B. Distribution, possession, or use of illegal drugs or controlled substances.
- C. Possession of firearms or other dangerous weapons.

The abuse of alcohol and other drugs by students, regardless of age and of location (on-campus or off-campus), is prohibited by the <u>Student Conduct Code</u>. The University can, and will, impose disciplinary sanctions for violations. Students are also subject to city ordinances and state and federal laws. Violations by employees will be addressed in accordance with policies applicable to the employee's position.

The University strongly encourages students and employees to voluntarily obtain assistance for dependency or abuse problems before such behavior results in an arrest and/or disciplinary referral which might result in their separation from the institution.

The use of, or addiction to, alcohol, marijuana, or controlled substances is not considered an excuse for violations of the Student Conduct Code or employee expectations and will not be a mitigating factor in the application of appropriate disciplinary sanctions for such violations.

Student Conduct Code

Human Resources Alcohol and Drug Rehabilitation Policy

Human Resources Alcohol and Substance Abuse Policy

Help is available both on campus and within the community for students and employees who are dependent on, or who abuse the use of alcohol or other drugs. Student Psychological Counseling Services (714-997-6778), the Frances Smith Center for Individual & Family Therapy (714-997-6746), Reverend Gail Stearns (714-628-7289), Reverend Nancy Brink (714-997-6760), and Dr. Dani Smith, Rape Crisis Counselor and Director of PEER & Health Education (714-744-7080), Cigna Life Assistance Program (1-800-538-3543), and other professional agencies will maintain the confidentiality of persons seeking help for personal dependency and will not report them to institutional or state authorities. PEER & Health Education provides educational and awareness programming, information, and assistance.

Student Sanctions - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons

Underage students confronted by the institution for the consumption of alcohol will face disciplinary sanctions ranging from warnings and disciplinary conversations, to mandated alcohol and/or drug assessment and follow-up and other educational assignments, up to suspension or expulsion from the institution. Additionally, a sanction may include the required completion of an appropriate treatment program.

In accordance with FERPA, parents/guardians may be notified when students who are under the age of 21 are found responsible for any drug and/or alcohol related violations.

Students whose use of alcohol or drugs results in harm or the threat of harm to themselves or others, or to property, regardless of the location of the incident, may face disciplinary action by the University up to and including expulsion.

Commonly Imposed Student Disciplinary Sanctions for On-Campus Policy Violations:

Policy Violation	Typical Status Sanction - 1st Offense	Typical Educational Sanctions - 1st Offense	Typical Sanctions – 2nd Offense
Underage Possession of Alcohol or	Deferral of responsibility or warning	Educational conversation	Warning or probation, educational assignment

Underage in the Presence of Alcohol			and/or alcohol assessment & follow-up
Possession of Marijuana for Personal Use	Deferral of responsibility or warning	Educational conversation	Warning or probation, educational assignment and/or drug assessment & follow-up
Possession of Marijuana with Intent to Distribute	Probation, Suspension, or Expulsion	Educational assignment and/or drug assessment & follow-up	Suspension or Expulsion
Possession of Any Amount of "Hard" Drugs (Cocaine, PCP, etc.)	Suspension or Expulsion	Educational assignment and/or drug assessment & follow-up	Suspension or Expulsion
Conveying Marijuana or A Controlled Substance to Another Person	Suspension or Expulsion	Educational assignment and/or drug assessment & follow-up	Suspension or Expulsion
Possession of Firearms or Other Dangerous Weapons	Suspension or Expulsion	Educational assignment and/or assessment & follow- up	Suspension or Expulsion

As members of the University community, students are also subject to city ordinances and to state and federal law. Arrest and prosecution for alleged violations of criminal law or city ordinances may result from the same incident for which the University imposes disciplinary sanctions.

Good Samaritan and Amnesty Policies for Students

Chapman University cares about the safety and welfare of each member of its community. At times, community members may need assistance. Sometimes students are hesitant to call assistance for fear that the student needing assistance or themselves may be charged with university policy violations. Chapman University hopes to remove this fear by clarifying the policies to encourage students to report sexual misconduct and to seek assistance for themselves or others who need help. The Good Samaritan policy applies to students seeking help on behalf of other students and the medical amnesty policy applies to the person(s) in need of medical attention. The sexual misconduct amnesty policy applies to both any witnesses and the complainant in an incident.

These policies only apply to violations of the Code. All other matters (such as employment, athletic eligibility/participation, leadership or volunteer positions and similar circumstances) may be addressed separately as appropriate by University personnel. This policy does not prevent action by police or other legal authorities.

Good Samaritan Policy

The Good Samaritan policy allows the University to eliminate conduct consequences as articulated in the Student Conduct Code for students, who may be under the influence of alcohol or other substances, who make a good faith call for medical or other help on behalf of another student (*See also Appendix 5: Sexual Misconduct Policies*). This policy applies in situations involving alcohol, other drugs, interpersonal violence, and other situations considered dangerous by a reasonable individual. This means that no formal university conduct actions or sanctions will be assigned to the reporting student(s) for minor violations relating to the incident. The incident will still be documented, and educational interventions may be required as an alternative to conduct action. This policy does not protect against repeated or serious violations of the Code such as, but not limited to, abusive behavior, failure to comply, interpersonal violence, and distribution of alcohol and/or other drugs, hazing, theft, property damage, etc.

Medical Amnesty Policy

The medical amnesty policy is a reduction in the conduct consequences for students who receive medical attention due to alcohol intoxication, alcohol poisoning, or other drug intoxication. Students who receive medical attention for alcohol and other drug intoxication will be required to complete educational interventions. This means that no formal university conduct actions or sanctions will be assigned to the student, unless the student fails to complete the assigned educational interventions. This policy shall only apply to a student's first alcohol/drug policy violation that requires medical attention, regardless of how the response was initiated. Additionally, this policy does not protect against serious violations of the Code such as, but not limited to, abusive behavior, failure to comply, interpersonal violence, and distribution of alcohol and/or other drugs, hazing, theft, property damage, etc.

Sexual Misconduct Amnesty Policy

To encourage and support the reporting of incidents of sexual misconduct, students who participate as witnesses or complainants in sexual misconduct investigations will not be held accountable for violations of the Code that may have occurred at the time of or as a result of the incident in question (for example, being under the influence of alcohol, marijuana or other controlled substances), unless the University determines that the violation was egregious. Egregious violations include, but are not limited to, actions that places the health or safety of another other person at risk or involve academic dishonesty.

Employee Sanctions

The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance by employees on University premises, or while conducting University business off University premises, is absolutely prohibited.

Violations of this prohibition by an employee shall result in Chapman University taking appropriate personnel action against the employee in accordance with policies applicable to the employee's position, up to and including termination of employment, or requiring the employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency and/or referral for prosecution.

Employee Notification of Conviction

As a condition of employment, each employee shall abide by the terms of this statement and shall notify Chapman University through the Department of Human Resources of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation that occurred at the university, or on university business, no later than five (5) days after such conviction. Within ten (10) days after receiving notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction, the Human Resources Department shall notify the U.S. Department of Education of said conviction. Within thirty days (30) days of the Department of Human Resources being notified of said criminal conviction. The Department of Human Resources shall notify the Department of Education of the personnel action taken.

Federal, State, and Local Laws and Sanctions Regarding Alcohol

It is the University's belief that all disciplinary sanctions should assist in education and provide the opportunity for personal growth. The following is a summary of federal, state, and local laws regarding drugs and alcohol.

A. Laws regarding the use of alcohol

Chapman University has established an alcohol use policy based on the tenet that those serving and drinking alcohol will do so legally and responsibly, with concern for others around them, and with an understanding of the social, personal and legal issues involved.

It is the responsibility of persons or groups that use, possess, distribute or produce alcohol to be familiar with and abide by all laws regarding the sale and use of alcoholic beverages. The following is a summary of the more important laws that directly relate to the University's Alcohol and Substance Abuse Policy:

- The purchase, possession, or consumption of any alcoholic beverages (including beer and wine) by any person under the age of 21 is prohibited (Business and Professional Code, 25658 and 25662).
- 2. It is a misdemeanor for anyone to sell, furnish, or give or cause to sell, furnish, or give any alcoholic beverage to a minor (Business and Professional Code 25658(a)).
- 3. It is prohibited to advertise alcoholic beverages in such a way as to encourage a minor to drink (Business and Professional Code 25664).
- 4. It is a misdemeanor for a minor to have any alcoholic beverage in his or her possession on any street or highway or in any public place or in any place open to the public (Business and Professional Code 25662(a)).
- 5. Any minor who purchases any alcoholic beverage, or any minor who consumes any alcoholic beverage, or any minor who consumes any alcoholic beverage in any on-sale premises, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00, no part of which shall be suspended (Business and Professional Code 25658(b)).
- 6. Minors attempting to purchase alcoholic beverages will be fined \$250.00 or required to perform 24-32 hours of community service for the first offense and \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense. Violators may also be required to perform 36-48 hours of community service for a second offense (Business and Professional Code 25658.5).
- No minor shall knowingly drive any motor vehicle carrying any alcoholic beverage, unless the minor is accompanied by the parent or legal guardian (California Vehicle Code 23224(a)).
- 8. Peace officers who lawfully enter premises may confiscate alcoholic beverages which are in plain view and possessed by or provided to minors at social gatherings. Alcoholic beverages in open containers that are confiscated may be destroyed while those in unopened containers shall be impounded for no more than seven (7) working days after which they too may be destroyed. Unopened containers may be released within the seven (7) days to the owner or resident of the property provided they are 21 years of age (Business and Professional Code 25662(b)).
- 9. Any person providing an alcoholic beverage to a minor will be contributing to the delinquency of a minor and guilty of a misdemeanor (Penal Code 272).
- 10. Possession of Alcohol in a Public Place

It is unlawful to be in possession of alcoholic beverages in a public place (Orange Municipal Code 9.16.020). A public place is defined as any location where all members of the public have unrestricted access. This includes, but is not limited

to, outside walkways within the University Campus including walkways and balconies within the Residence Halls/Apartments.

11. Intoxicated Person

The use of intoxicating liquor by the average person in such quantity as to produce intoxication causes many commonly known outward manifestations which are "plain" and "easily seen or discovered." (People of the State of California v. Johnson, 185 P.2d 105 (Cal.App. Sup.Ct. L.A.Cty. 1947), p. 106). The sale or furnishing of alcoholic beverages to an obviously intoxicated person is a misdemeanor (Business and Professional Code 25602).

- 12. Operation of a Vehicle
 - a. It is unlawful for any person who is under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or any drug, or under the combined influence of an alcoholic beverage and any drug, to operate a bicycle (California Vehicle Code 21200.5) or a motor vehicle (California Vehicle Code 23152(a)).
 - b. No person shall drink any alcoholic beverage while driving a motor vehicle upon any highway (California Vehicle Code 23220).
 - c. No person shall have in his or her possession, on his or her person, while driving a motor vehicle upon any highway, any bottle, can, or other receptacle, containing an alcoholic beverage which has been opened, or a seal broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed (California Vehicle Code 23223).
- 13. Sale of Alcohol

It is a misdemeanor to sell alcoholic beverages without a license from the State Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (Business and Professional Code 23300 and 23301). Included are forms of indirect sales such as selling tickets which may be exchanged for drinks, tickets of admission which include an alcoholic beverage or "passing the hat" during an event to cover the cost of alcohol.

 Possession of an Open Container by a Person 21 or Older
Possession of an open container of alcohol by a person 21 or older on public streets, sidewalks, highways, parking lots or alleys can result in a \$108 fine California Business and Professions Code section 25620 (a).

	State Law	Federal Law
Legal Drinking Age	You must be 21 to drink or work at a bar in California, and you can work in a restaurant that sells alcohol at age 18.	You must be 21 to drink or work at a bar in California, and you can work in a restaurant that sells alcohol at age 18.

BAC Limits	California's maximum legal blood-alcohol content is .08 percent.	BAC maximum is .08. Minors are held to stricter standards under zero tolerance laws, which hold the driver to much lower blood alcohol content levels for criminal and/or license suspension purposes.
Penalties	\$200-\$500 average fine, average jail time of 6 months suspension after the 1st offense, and an average probation of 5 years.	Varies from state to state.
Regulations	In terms of possession of alcohol by minors, it exempts use by minors while under their parents' supervision.	For minors in possession, first offense is \$250 and/or 24-32 hours of community service, and the second offense is up to a \$500 fine and/or 36-48 hours of community service.

Federal Drug Laws

The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are enforced for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

Denial of Federal Aid (20 USC 1091)

Under the Higher Education Act of 1998, students convicted under federal or state law for the sale or possession of drugs will have their federal financial aid eligibility suspended. This includes all federal grants, loans, federal work study programs, and more. Students convicted of drug possession will be ineligible for one year from the date of the conviction of the first offense, two years for the second offense, and indefinitely for the third offense. Students convicted of selling drugs will be ineligible for two years from the date of the first conviction, and indefinitely for the second offense. Those who lose eligibility can regain eligibility by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program.

Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC 853)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure is issued, and property is seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC 841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The following list is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe.

If death or serious bodily injury result from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces mandatory life sentence and fines ranging up to \$8 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a University (21 USC 845a) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

Drug/Substance	Amount	Penalty - 1st Conviction
Barbiturates	Any amount	Up to 5 years prison. Fine up to \$250,000
Cocaine	5 kgs. or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	Less than 100 grams	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Crack Cocaine	50 grams or moreNot less than 10 years prison, not more than 1	
	5-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	5 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Ecstasy	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)
GHB	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)
Hashish	10-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.
	10 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000
Hash Oil	1-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.
	1 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000

Heroin	1 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	100-999 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	100 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Ketamine	Any amount	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000. 2 years supervised release
LSD	10 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	1-10 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
Marijuana	1000 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	100-999 kg	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	50-99 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million
	50 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000
Methamphetamine	50 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	10-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
РСР	100 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	10-99 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Rohypnol	1 gram or more	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million
	less than 30 mgs	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000

Federal Drug Possession Penalties (21 USC 844)

Persons convicted on Federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a mandatory fine of no less than \$1,000 up to a maximum of \$100,000. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$5,000. Possession of drug paraphernalia is punishable by a minimum fine of \$750.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a fine up to \$250,000, or both if:

- A. It is a first conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams;
- B. It is a second conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams;
- C. It is a third or subsequent crack conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Civil penalties of up to \$10,000 may also be imposed for possession of small amounts of controlled substances, whether or not criminal prosecution is pursued.

Counseling and Treatment

Short term alcohol and other drug counseling is available on campus to students through Student Psychological Counseling Services (714-997-6778). Students may be referred through Student Psychological Counseling Services to other treatment programs for more intensive treatment. Through Chapman University's Human Resources Department, Cigna Life Assistance Program (1-800-538-3543) offers employees additional education and counseling, as well as appropriate referrals. Within the city of Orange, the following substance abuse counseling agencies exist:

Substance Abuse

12 Step/Support Program Directories

- <u>Al-Anon / Alateen, Orange County</u> 714-748-1113
- Orange County Alcoholics Anonymous 714-556-4555
- Orange County Area Narcotics Anonymous 714-590-2388

Information & Referral

- <u>Drug-Rehabs.org</u> 877-882-9275 Assistance with finding a drug rehabilitation program for a specific alcohol or drug addiction problem. Services are provided at no cost.
- <u>SoberRecovery.com</u> Addiction treatment information and support for California.

• U. S. Center for Substance Abuse Treatment of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Orange County Health Care Agency

Listing of Alcohol & Drug Abuse Outpatient Clinics

Interested individuals are encouraged to contact each agency for additional information regarding specific services and costs.

Prevention and Education for Students

Through the Director of PEER and Health Education, within the division of Student Affairs, a variety of a variety of individual, group, and community educational programs and interventions are made available to students. These programs are designed to prevent and reduce alcohol and other drug use/abuse are offered to the Chapman University student community. The primary programs are those that make up the Healthy Panther Initiative:

The Healthy Panther Initiative (HPI), a required program for all new first-year and transfer undergraduate students, provides information, skills, and resources that help in the overall development and success of our students. The program is designed to empower students with information and skills to help them make positive decisions regarding the use of alcohol and drugs, sexual relationships, personal health, social health, and bystander intervention skills related to the prevention of sexual misconduct incidents. Prevention information and skills are conveyed to students utilizing video clips, lecture, sharing of real life experiences and the use of humor, but central to the program is the integration of the three topics: alcohol use, sexual assault prevention, bystander intervention and safer sex choices.

For the Fall of 2020, all new undergraduate students will be enrolled in courses through United Educators covering these topics. Additionally, students are required to review the Becoming a Healthy Panther Orientation video, either live during orientation or otherwise through a learning management system.

For more information concerning current programs, interventions and policies, contact Dr. Dani Smith, Rape Crisis Counselor and Director of PEER & Health Education, 714-744-7080.

Substance Abuse Training for Faculty and Employees

All faculty and employees are required to take an annual online substance abuse training, *Drugs & Alcohol at Work.* The training course meets the program requirements of both the Drug-Free Workplace Act and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (EDGAR Part 86). This 30-minute training course is designed to assist with the prevention of substance abuse.

Substance	Nicknames/Slang Terms	Short Term Effects	Long Term Effects
Alcohol		slurred speech, drowsiness, headaches, impaired judgment, decreased perception and coordination, distorted vision and hearing, vomiting, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, coma, blackouts	toxic psychosis, physical dependence, neurological and liver damage, fetal alcohol syndrome, vitamin B1 deficiency, sexual problems, cancer, physical dependence
Amphetamines	uppers, speed, meth, crack, crystal, ice, pep pills	increased heart rate, increased blood pressure, dry mouth, loss of appetite, restlessness, irritability, anxiety	delusions, hallucinations, heart problems, hypertension, irritability, insomnia, toxic psychosis, physical dependence
Barbiturates and Tranquilizers	barbs, bluebirds, blues, yellow jackets, red devils, roofies, rohypnol, ruffies, tranqs, mickey, flying v's	slurred speech, muscle relaxation, dizziness, decreased motor control	severe withdrawal symptoms, possible convulsions, toxic psychosis, depression, physical dependence
Cocaine	coke, cracks, snow, powder, blow, rock	loss of appetite increased blood pressure and heart rate, contracted blood vessels, nausea,	depression, weight loss, high blood pressure, seizure, heart attack, stroke, hypertension, hallucinations,

Health Risks of Commonly Abused Substances

		hyper-stimulation anxiety, paranoia, increased hostility, increased rate of breathing, muscle spasms, convulsions, dilated pupils, and disturbed sleep	psychosis, chronic cough, nasal passage injury, kidney, liver and lung damage
Gamma Hydroxy Butyrate	GHB, liquid B, liquid X, liquid ecstasy, G, georgia homeboy, grievous bodily harm	euphoria, decreased inhibitions, drowsiness, sleep, decreased body temperature, decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure	memory loss, depression, severe withdrawal symptoms, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Heroin	H, junk, smack, horse, skag	euphoria, flushing of the skin, dry mouth, "heavy" arms and legs, slowed breathing, muscular weakness	constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, weakening of the immune system, respiratory (breathing) illnesses, muscular weakness, partial paralysis, coma, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Ketamine	K, super K, special K	dream-like states, hallucinations, impaired attention and memory, delirium, impaired motor function, high blood pressure, depression	Urinary tract and bladder problems, abdominal pain, major convulsions, muscle rigidity, increased confusion, increased depression, physical dependence, psychological dependence
LSD	acid, stamps, dots, blotter, A-bombs	dilated pupils, change in body temperature, blood pressure and	may intensify existing psychosis, panic reactions, can

		heart rate, sweating, chills, loss of appetite, decreased sleep, tremors, changes in visual acuity, mood changes	interfere with psychological adjustment and social functioning, insomnia, physical dependence, psychological dependence
MDMA	ecstasy, XTC, adam, X, rolls, pills	impaired judgment, confusion, confusion, blurred vision, teeth clenching, depression, anxiety, paranoia, sleep problems, muscle tension	same as LSD, sleeplessness, nausea, confusion, increased blood pressure, sweating, depression, anxiety, memory loss kidney failure, cardiovascular problems, convulsions death, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Marijuana/Cannabis	pot, grass, dope, weed, joint, bud, reefer, doobie, roach	sensory distortion, poor coordination of movement slowed reaction time, panic, anxiety	bronchitis, conjunctivas, lethargy, shortened attention span, suppressed immune system, personality changes, cancer, psychological dependence, physical dependence possible for some
Mescaline	peyote cactus	nausea, vomiting, anxiety, delirium, hallucinations, increased heart rate, blood pressure, and body temperature,	lasting physical and mental trauma, intensified existing psychosis psychological dependence

Morphine/Opiates	M, morf, duramorph, Miss Emma, monkey, roxanol, white stuff	euphoria, increased body temperature, dry mouth, "heavy" feeling in arms and legs	constipation, loss of appetite, collapsed veins, heart infections, liver disease, depressed respiration, pneumonia and other pulmonary complications, physical dependence, psychological dependence
РСР	crystal, tea, angel dust, embalming fluid, killer weed, rocket fuel, supergrass, wack, ozone	shallow breathing, flushing, profuse sweating, numbness in arms and legs, decreased muscular coordination, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, delusions, paranoia, disordered thinking	memory loss, difficulties with speech and thinking, depression, weight loss, psychotic behavior, violent acts, psychosis, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Psilocybin	mushrooms, magic mushrooms, shrooms, caps, psilocybin & psilocyn	nausea, distorted perceptions, nervousness, paranoia,	confusion, memory loss, shortened attention span, flashbacks may intensify existing psychosis,
Steroids	roids, juice	increased lean muscle mass, increased strength, acne, oily skin, excess hair growth, high blood pressure	Cholesterol imbalance, anger management problems, masculinization or women, breast enlargement in men, premature fusion of long bones preventing attainment of normal height, atrophy of reproductive organs, impotence, reduced

	fertility, stroke, hypertension, congestive heart failure, liver damage, psychological dependence
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ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION

Student Psychological	714-997-6778 - mailto:spcs@chapman.edu
Counseling Services	nanto.spcs@chapman.cdu
courseling services	www.chapman.edu/students/health-and-
	safety/psychological-counseling/
PEER and Health & Education	714-744-7080 - <u>dasmith@chapman.edu</u>
	www.chapman.edu/students/health-and-safety/peer/
Student Health Services	714-997-6851
	www.chapman.edu/students/health-and-safety/health-
	services/index.aspx
Student Conduct	conduct@chapman.edu
	https://www.chapman.edu/students/policies-
	forms/student-conduct/index.aspx
Public Safety	714-997-6763
	https://www.chapman.edu/campus-services/public-
	safety/index.aspx
Vice President for Student	
	714-997-6721 - jprice@chapman.edu
Affairs and Dean of Students	
	https://www.chapman.edu/students/dean-of-
	students/index.aspx
Cigna Life Assistance Program	800-538-3543
(Employees Only)	

OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION

Orange County Health Care Agency: Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services	855-625-4657
Orange Police Department – Emergency	911
Orange Police Department – Non–Emergency	714-744-7444

Anaheim Police Department – Emergency	911
Anaheim Police Department – Non–Emergency	714-765-1900
Irvine Police Department – Emergency	911
Irvine Police Department – Non - Emergency	949-724-7000
Santa Ana Police Department – Emergency	911
Santa Ana Police Department – Non - Emergency	714-245-8665
Orange County Sheriff's Department – Emergency	911
Orange County Sheriff's Department – Non-Emergency	714-647-7000
Orange County District Attorney	714-834-3600

In accordance with Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, no individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of the University. Further, no qualified individual with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the services, programs, or activities of the University or be subjected to discrimination by the University.

Substance Abuse 12 Step/Support Program Directories

- <u>Al-Anon / Alateen, Orange County</u>
- Orange County Alcoholics Anonymous
- Orange County Area Narcotics Anonymous

Information & Referral

- <u>Drug-Rehab.org</u> 866-845-8975. Assistance with finding a drug rehabilitation program for a specific alcohol or drug addiction problem. Services are provided at no cost.
- <u>State of California Alcohol & Drug Programs</u>
- <u>SoberRecovery.com</u> Addiction treatment information and support for California.
- U. S. Center for Substance Abuse Treatment of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Orange County Health Care Agency/Probation

- <u>Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services</u> Provides a range of outpatient and residential treatment programs designed to reduce or eliminate the abuse of alcohol and other drugs within the community. Lists of outpatient clinics and specialized services.
- <u>The Sober Living Network</u> Directory of sober living homes in the Orange County area.

Substance Abuse Treatment Centers (Fee for Service & Non-Profit)

- <u>Chapman House</u> 714-989-7355. Serves Orange County residents at a fee for service. Adult & adolescent programs. Call for more information.
- <u>Cornerstone of Southern California</u> 714-547-5375. The agency offers an array of treatment programs. Call for more details and for fee information.
- <u>Mariposa Women's Center</u> 714-547-6494. Outpatient counseling services for Orange County women only. Sliding scale fee.
- <u>Matrix Institute on Addictions</u> 949-631-1510. Adult and adolescent outpatient drug/alcohol treatment services. Call for fee information.
- <u>New Directions for Women</u> 800-939-6636. Residential treatment facility for women, women with children, and pregnant women. Fee for service.
- <u>Oasis Treatment Center</u> 800-550-0467. Residential rehabilitation program for adults. Fee for service. Serves Orange County. Faith-based.
- <u>Covenant Hills: A Pacific Hills Treatment Center</u> 844-268-8412. Serves adults struggling with dual diagnosis issues and multiple relapses. Faith based organization. Fee for service.
- <u>Recovery at Seacliff</u> 714-364-0776. Residential chemical dependency treatment and extended care. Call for fee information.
- <u>Sierra by the Sea</u> 844-667-5786. Alcohol and drug treatment. Fee for service.
- <u>StepHouse Recovery Center</u> 888-923-7623. Addiction treatment facility offering a variety of treatment programs. Fee for service.
- <u>Teen Challenge</u> 714-835-8822. Serves youth. Faith-based. No-cost. Call for more information.
- <u>Twin Town Treatment Center</u> 866-594-8844. Drug treatment center providing outpatient treatment for chemical dependency in Orange. Call for more information.